FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

JUNE 30, 2014



CROCE, SANGUINETTI, & VANDER VEEN

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors

Town of Discovery Bay Community

Services District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District** (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District** as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Croce, Sarguinetti, & Vander Veen, Inc.

CROCE, SANGUINETTI, & VANDER VEEN, INC. Certified Public Accountants Stockton, California April 28, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014

This narrative overview and analysis of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District's (District) financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 has been provided by the management of the District. The management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's financial statements which follow this section and is recommended to be reviewed in conjunction with them.

Financial Highlights

- The District's net position increased by \$753,437 over the prior year, including a \$219,426 decrease in net position of governmental activities, and a \$972,863 increase in net position of business-type activities. The District's net position is now \$43,307,613.
- Total assets of the District were \$59,192,406 with capital assets at \$40,556,920 net of accumulated depreciation. Current, non-current and other assets were \$18,635,486.
- Total liabilities were \$15,884,793 consisting of long-term liabilities of \$13,927,680 and other current liabilities of \$1,957,113.
- Assets of the District exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$43,307,613 (net position). Of this amount, \$16,610,693 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations, and \$26,696,920 is net investment in capital assets.
- On the current financial resources basis, the District's governmental fund revenues exceeded expenditures (including \$184,743 in capital outlay expenditures) by \$126,372. The proprietary fund revenues exceeded expenses by \$972,863.
- At year-end, there was \$1,204,037 in cash and investments to fund future governmental activities, and \$16,731,806 in cash and investments to fund future business-type activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to financial statements including required supplementary information.

Government-wide and fund financial statements present the results of operations for different functions of the District as follows:

1. Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial position in a manner similar to private-sector business.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The **Statement of Net Position** displays all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The **Statement of Activities** provides all current year revenues and expenses on an accrual basis of accounting regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed during the fiscal year. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or weakening.

The government-wide financial statements separately present the District's functions as follows:

- Governmental activities include services financed mainly through property taxes. The District's general, lighting and landscaping and community center services comprise its governmental activities.
- Business-type activities include services financed, in whole or in part, by fees paid by those who directly benefit from the service. The District's business-type activities include providing water and wastewater services to the residents of the District.
- 2. Fund financial statements focus on the individual functions of the District, and report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used by state and local governments to control their resources that are legally restricted or otherwise earmarked for special purposes. The District reports its fund financial statements in the following two categories:
 - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on 1) short-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, and 2) the resources remaining at the end of the fiscal year that are available for future use. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation that explains the relationship (or differences) between them is presented following each of the governmental fund statements.
 - **Proprietary funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements in more detail.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements

A review of net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Net position represents the difference between the District's assets and liabilities. As of June 30, 2014, the District's net position was \$43,307,613, an increase of \$753,437 from prior year. The following table outlines the District's net position by function for the current and prior fiscal years.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District Net Position (rounded to the nearest dollar)
As of June 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	Variance	
<u>Assets</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	\$
Current and other							
assets	\$ 1,325,288	\$ 1,518,860	\$ 9,566,165	\$ 7,681,181	\$ 10,891,453	\$ 9,200,041	\$ 1,691,412
Restricted assets	-	-	7,685,328	12,451,709	7,685,328	12,451,709	(4,766,381)
Non-current assets	-	-	58,705	60,802	58,705	60,802	(2,097)
Capital assets, net	2,464,607	2,442,704	38,092,313	33,524,489	40,556,920	35,967,193	4,589,727
Total assets	3,789,895	3,961,564	55,402,511	53,718,181	59,192,406	<u>57.679,745</u>	1,512,661
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities	197,426	149,859	1,759,687	733,078	1,957,113	882,937	1,074,176
Non-current liabilities	7,241	7,051	13,920,439	14,235,581	13,927,680	14,242,632	(314.952)
Total liabilities	204,667	156,910	<u>15,680,126</u>	14,968,659	<u>15,884,793</u>	15,125,569	759,224
Net Position							
Invested in capital							
assets	2,464,607	2,442,704	24,232,313	19,374,489	26,696,920	21,817,193	4,879,727
Unrestricted	1,120,621	1,361.950	15,490,072	19,375,033	16,610,693	20,736,983	(4,126,290)
Total net position	<u>\$ 3,585,228</u>	<u>\$ 3.804.654</u>	<u>\$ 39,722,385</u>	<u>\$ 38,749,522</u>	\$ 43,307,613	\$ 42,554,176	S 753,437

By far the largest portion of the District's net position (62%) reflects its net capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment, etc.). The District uses its capital assets to provide the services it is responsible for and those assets don't represent future expendable resources. The second largest portion of the District's net position, approximately 38%, reflects its unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table displays the change in the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District Change in Net Position

	Governmer	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Total		
Revenues	<u> 2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u> 2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 93,470	\$ 58,284	\$ 7,126,493	\$ 7,133,748	\$ 7,219,963	\$ 7,164,032	
Operating grants and							
contributions	1,155	3,509	-	-	1,155	3,509	
Capital grants and							
contributions	-	422,330	-	=	-	422,330	
General revenues							
Property taxes	493,659	443,156	-	-	493,659	471,156	
Assessments	110,814	112,878	-	-	110,814	112,878	
Investment income		=	627	3,739	627	3,739	
Other	409,730	121,837	284,161	4,002	693,891	125,839	
Total revenues	1,108,828	1,161,994	<u>7.411.281</u>	7,141,489	8,520,109	8,303,483	
Expenses							
General government	322,429	115,672	-	-	322,429	115,672	
Community center	26,573	89,411	-	-	26,573	89,411	
Lighting and landscaping							
Zone 8	844,983	775,081	-	-	844,983	775,081	
Lighting and landscaping							
Zone 9	134,269	110,962	<u>.</u>	-	134,269	110,962	
Water	_	-	2,399,050	2,438,623	2,399,050	2,438,623	
Sewer	-	-	3,519,561	3,091,672	3,519,561	3,091,672	
Financing authority	_		519,807	<u>778,171</u>	519,807	<u>778,171</u>	
Total expenses	1,328,254	1,091,126	6,438,418	6,308,466	<u>7,766.672</u>	7,399,592	
Transfers	_						
Change in net position	(219,426)	70,868	972,863	833,023	753,437	903,891	
Net position, beginning of year	3,804,654	3,733,786	38,749,522	37,916,499	42,554,176	41,650,285	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 3,585,228</u>	<u>\$ 3,804,654</u>	<u>\$ 39,722,385</u>	<u>\$ 38,749,522</u>	\$43,307.613	<u>\$42,554,176</u>	

The \$753,437 increase in net position is attributed to each function as follows:

Governmental Activities

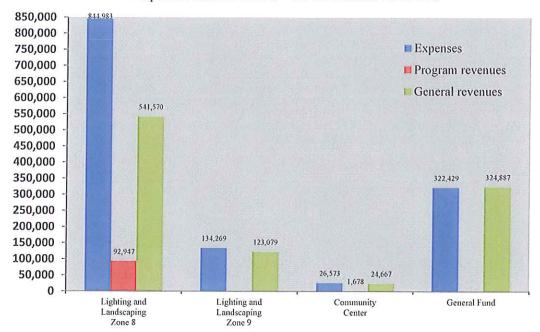
- Charge for services increased by \$35,186 due to program fees and pool fees received as a result of the purchase of the community center.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$422,330 due to grant monies received from East Bay Regional Park District Measure WW Park Bond in prior year June 30, 2013.
- Other revenue increased by \$287,893 due to an increase in reimbursements.
- Costs for salaries increased \$63,229 (41%).

Management's Discussion and Analysis

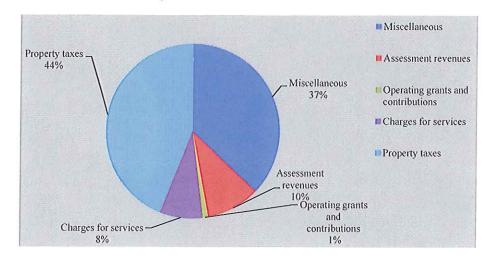
June 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Expenses and Revenues - Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis

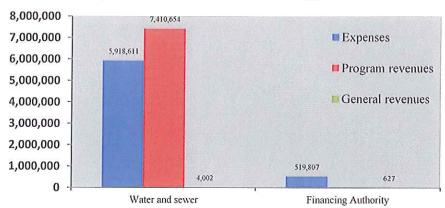
June 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

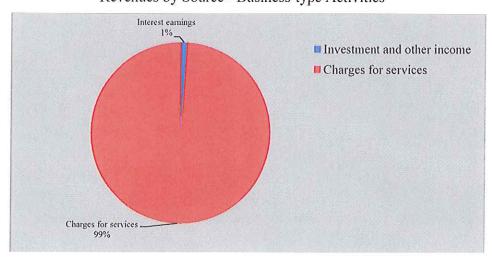
Business-type Activities

- Other revenues increased \$280,159 (70%) due to an increase in reimbursement revenue.
- Expenses increased \$129,952 (2%) primarily due to higher contract services, utilities, and consulting services and lower repairs and maintenance and depreciation.

Expenses and Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the short-term inflows and outflows and balances of current expendable resources. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* presented in the balance sheet may serve as a useful measure of the District's resources available for spending at the end of its fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's combined governmental fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$126,372 primarily due to increased revenues and decreased expenditures. This resulted in a \$126,372 increase in the combined ending fund balance of the District's governmental funds. The fund balance of the Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 fund increased by \$164,517, the fund balance of the Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 fund decreased by \$2,298, the fund balance of the community center fund decreased by \$5,815, and the fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$30,032. At year-end, the combined fund balance of the governmental funds was \$1,095,373, consisting of unassigned funds, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

Proprietary Funds

The District's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information, in more detail, on the business-type activities presented in the government-wide financial statements.

The net position of the proprietary funds increased by \$972,863 from \$38,749,522 to \$39,722,385. The net position included \$15,490,072 in unrestricted net position which has decreased by \$3,884,961 or 20% from the previous year. The decrease in unrestricted net position is primarily due to an increase in operating expenses.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$40,556,920 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, structures and improvements, and treatment and collection.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

The District's total investment in capital assets before depreciation increased by \$5,969,349 from \$45,693,758 to \$51,663,107. Significant additions to capital assets included:

- Dewatering and solar dryer #3 project (\$1,643,539)
- Belt Filter Press #3 (\$207,193)
- Influent pump station and pump station W project (1,762,896)
- Secondary process improvements Plant #2 (\$875,636)
- Pump station F improvements (\$408,122)
- Well and pump station #7 (\$564,505)
- Cornell Park improvements and equipment (\$68,264)
- Community center improvements (\$110,685)

The following table displays the changes in District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in rounded dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total					
		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>	Ź	<u> 2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Land	\$	415,930	\$	415,930	\$	307,000	\$	307,000	\$	722,930	\$	722,930
Buildings and improvements		2,817,767		2,663,139		1,386,202		1,355,290	4	1,203,969		4,018,429
Treatment and collection		_		-	3	0,905,120	3	0,167,458	30	0,905,120	3	30,167,458
Structure and improvements		-		-		6,689,926		6,689,926	6	5,689,926		6,689,926
Equipment		238,883		146,299		1,033,096		999,628	1	1,271,979		1,145,927
Office furniture and equipment		19,617		7,450		-		-		19,617		7,450
Vehicles		55,424		55,424		382,778		382,778		438,202		438,202
Construction in progress		11,582	_	86,218		7,399,782	_	2,417,218	7	7,411,364	_	2,503,436
Total		3,559,203		3,374,460	4	8,103,904	4	2,319,298	51	,663,107	4	5,693,758
Less accumulated depreciation		(<u>1,094,596</u>)	_	<u>(931,756</u>)	(1	0,011,591)	_(<u>8,794,809</u>)	(11	,106,187)	_	(<u>9,726,565</u>)
Net capital assets	\$	<u>2,464,607</u>	\$	2,442,704	<u>\$3</u>	<u>8,092,313</u>	<u>\$3</u>	<u>3,524,489</u>	\$40),556,9 <u>20</u>	<u>\$3</u>	5,967,193

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note E of the "Notes to Financial Statements" section.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2014, the District had \$13,860,000 in debt outstanding as compared to \$14,150,000 for the prior year. During fiscal year 2013, the District received Series 2012 Enterprise Revenue Bonds to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements to the water and wastewater systems. Additional information regarding the District's debt can be found in Note F of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District has experienced moderate growth which is expected to continue over the next 3-5 years as the economy recovers. This growth will further create demand for water and wastewater services and additional capital facilities. These demands have been addressed in the District's capital improvement program. The District is currently in the process of reviewing rates for water and wastewater services to evaluate the District's financial needs and rate structure.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's financial accountability and compliance with applicable laws for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information can be addressed to Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, Attention: General Manager, 1800 Willow Lake Road, Discovery Bay, California 94505.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

	Governmental <u>activities</u>		isiness-type activities		<u>Total</u>
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,204,037	\$	9,046,478	\$	10,250,515
Restricted - cash and investments	-		7,685,328		7,685,328
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for					
doubtful accounts	113,899		398,395		512,294
Advances on taxes	2,773		832		3,605
Due from other funds	-		120,460		120,460
Inventory	4,579		-		4,579
Non-current assets:					
Debt issuance costs-prepaid insurance, net Capital assets, net of accumulated	-		58,705		58,705
depreciation	 2,464,607		38,092,313		40,556,920
Total assets	 3,789,895		55,402,511		59,192,406
Deferred outflows of resources	 				
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	58,992		1,389,412		1,448,404
Accrued payroll	17,974		27,886		45,860
Interest payable	-		44,409		44,409
Deferred revenue	-		2,980		2,980
Due to other funds	120,460		-		120,460
Bonds payable-current Non-current liabilities:	-		295,000		295,000
Compensated absences	7,241		25,634		32,875
Bonds payable	-		13,565,000		13,565,000
Unamortized bond premium	 	her with	329,805		329,805
Total liabilities	 204,667		15,680,126		15,884,793
Deferred inflows of resources	 <u>-</u>				
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	2,464,607		24,232,313		26,696,920
Unrestricted	 1,120,621		15,490,072		16,610,693
Total net position	\$ 3,585,228	<u>\$</u>	39,722,385	<u>\$</u>	43,307,613

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2014

				Program revenues					
					Operating		Capital		
			C	Charges for	gra	nts and	gr	ants and	
		Expenses		services	contributions		contribution		
Governmental activities									
General government	\$	322,429	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	
Community center		26,573		523		1,155		-	
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8		844,983		92,947		· -		_	
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9		134,269			V				
Total accommental activities		1 220 264		02.470		. 155			
Total governmental activities		1,328,254	_	93,470		1,155	***************************************	_	
Business-type activities									
Water		2,399,050		3,325,183		-		-	
Sewer		3,519,561		3,801,310		-		-	
Financing Authority		519,807			PA				
Total business-type activities		6,438,418		7,126,493	•	<u>-</u>			
Total government	<u>\$</u>	7,766,672	<u>\$</u>	7,219,963	\$	1,155	\$		

General revenues

Taxes

Property taxes

Homeowners property tax relief

Assessments

Investment income

Other income

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

Net (expens	e) revenue and change	s in net position
Governmental	Business-type	
activities	activities	<u>Totals</u>
\$ (322,429)) \$ -	\$ (322,429)
(24,895)) -	(24,895)
(752,036)) -	(752,036)
(134,269)		(134,269)
(1,233,629)		(1,233,629)
_	926,133	926,133
-	281,749	281,749
	(519,807)	(519,807)
	688,075	688,075
(1,233,629)	688,07 <u>5</u>	(545,554)
489,120	-	489,120
4,539	-	4,539
110,814	-	110,814
-	627	627
409,730	284,161	693,891
1,014,203	284,788	1,298,991
(219,426)	972,863	753,437
3,804,654	38,749,522	42,554,176
\$ 3,585,228	\$ 39,722,385	\$ 43,307,613

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2014

				S	pecial	l revenue fu	nds			
	<u>G</u> e	eneral fund	C	ommunity <u>center</u>		ghting and ndscaping <u>Zone 8</u>		ghting and ndscaping Zone 9	go	Total vernmental <u>funds</u>
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	27,213	\$	452,516	\$	575,852	\$	148,456	\$	1,204,037
Accounts receivable		81,410		-		-		-		81,410
Advances on taxes		-		_		2,773		-		2,773
Inventory		<u>-</u>		4,579		-				4,579
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	108,623	<u>\$</u>	457,095	\$	<u>578,625</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>148,456</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,292,799</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	12,055	\$	1,261	\$	36,483	\$	9,193	\$	58,992
Accrued payroll		685		-		16,545		744		17,974
Due to others funds		120,460								120,460
Total liabilities		133,200		1,261		53,028		9,937		197,426
Fund balances										
Committed to:										
Community center		-		455,834		-		•		455,834
Lighting and landscaping										
Zone 8		-		-		525,597		-		525,597
Lighting and landscaping										
Zone 9		-		-		-		138,519		138,519
Unassigned		(24,577)		_		_				(24,577)
Total fund balances		(24,577)		455,834		<u>525,597</u>		138,519		1,095,373
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$	108,623	\$	457,095	\$	578,625	\$	148,456	<u>\$</u>	1,292,799
Reconciliation to statement of net	posit	ion								
Total governmental fund balance	ces								\$	1,095,373
Amounts reported for governme because:		activities in	ı the	statement o	of net	position are	e diff	erent		
Accounts receivable in expenditures	gove	rnmental fu	nds a	re not availa	ıble to	pay for cur	rrent j	period		32,489
Capital assets used in therefore, are not r				ties are not	fina	ncial resou	rces a	and,	,	2,464,607
Long-term liabilities at are not reported in							heref	ore,		(7,241)
Net position of governmental ac	ctiviti	es							<u>\$</u> :	3,585,228

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2014

		Special revenue funds								
			Lighting and	Lighting and	Total					
		Community	landscaping	landscaping	governmental					
	General fund	<u>center</u>	Zone 8	Zone 9	<u>funds</u>					
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 483,722	\$ 5,398	\$ 489,120					
Assessment income	-	-	-	110,814	110,814					
Grant income	-	-	400,000	-	400,000					
Homeowners property tax relief	-	-	4,539	-	4,539					
Other	292,397	25,190	145,256	6,867	469,710					
Contributions		1,155	1,000		2,155					
Total revenues	292,397	26,345	1,034,517	123,079	1,476,338					
Expenditures										
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	186,518	55,716	242,234					
Utilities	_	_	142,601	13,220	155,821					
Payroll	30,528	-	227,767	28,483	286,778					
Other	291,901	13,181	41,396	13,391	359,869					
Insurance	-	-	22,036	10,687	32,723					
Professional fees	_	13,185	70,733	3,880	87,798					
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	5,794	178,949		184,743					
Total expenditures	322,429	32,160	870,000	125,377	1,349,966					
Net change in fund balances	(30,032)	(5,815)	164,517	(2,298)	126,372					
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,455	461,649	361,080	140,817	969,001					
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ (24,577)</u>	<u>\$ 455,834</u>	<u>\$ 525,597</u>	<u>\$ 138,519</u>	<u>\$ 1,095,373</u>					

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

Reconciliation to statement of activities

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	126,372
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the following:		
Depreciation expense related to capital assets is recognized in the statement of activities, but is not reported in the funds		(162,840)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities record depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets		184,743
Change in compensated absences is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities		(190)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		(367,511)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(219,426)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2014

	Water fund	Sewer <u>fund</u>	Financing <u>Authority fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>			Same recovery of a find of the first of the
Current assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 4,164,213	\$ 4,882,265	\$ 7,685,328	\$ 16,731,806
Accounts receivable, net	217,130	181,265		398,395
Advances on taxes	333	499	-	832
Due from other funds	48,184	72,276		120,460
Total current assets	4,429,860	5,136,305	7,685,328	17,251,493
Non-current assets				
Debt issuance cost - prepaid insurance	_	-	58,705	58,705
Debt service - installment receivable	-	-	22,250	22,250
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>5,750,639</u>	<u>24,947,216</u>	7,394,458	38,092,313
Total non-current assets	5,750,639	<u>24,947,216</u>	7,475,413	38,173,268
Deferred outflows of resources				
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$10,180,499</u>	<u>\$30,083,521</u>	<u>\$ 15,160,741</u>	<u>\$ 55,424,761</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position				
Current liabilities (payable from current assets)				
Accounts payable	242,429	146,104	1,000,879	1,389,412
Accrued payroll	14,808	13,078	-	27,886
Interest payable	-	-	44,409	44,409
Deferred revenue	2,980	-	-	2,980
Bonds payable - current			295,000	295,000
Total current liabilities	260,217	159,182	1,340,288	1,759,687
Non-current liabilities				
Debt service - installment payable	-	22,250	-	22,250
Compensated absences	15,264	10,370	-	25,634
Bonds payable	-	-	13,565,000	13,565,000
Unamortized bond premium			329,805	329,805
Total non-current liabilities	15,264	32,620	13,894,805	13,942,689
Deferred inflows of resources				
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	5,750,639	24,947,216	(6,465,542)	24,232,313
Board designated	2,267,285	3,225,928	-	5,493,213
Undesignated	1,887,094	1,718,575	6,391,190	9,996,859
Total net position	9,905,018	29,891,719	(74,352)	39,722,385
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				
and net position	<u>\$10,180,499</u>	<u>\$30,083,521</u>	<u>\$ 15,160,741</u>	<u>\$ 55,424,761</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2014

Operating revenues	Water <u>fund</u>	Sewer <u>fund</u>	Financing Authority <u>fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Charges for services	\$ 3,257,514	\$ 3,406,521	\$ -	\$ 6,664,035
Connection fees	67,668	351,073	Ψ -	418,741
Other	133,524	150,637		284,161
Total operating revenues	3,458,706	3,908,231		7,366,937
Operating expenses			h	
Contract services	527,607	784,231	_	1,311,838
Depreciation	208,464	1,040,007	_	1,248,471
Repairs and maintenance	499,031	394,862		893,893
Utilities	339,559	339,422	_	678,981
Payroll	366,309	292,445	-	658,754
Miscellaneous	160,573	196,064	_	356,637
Professional fees	104,110	170,499	-	274,609
Insurance	62,685	99,340	2,097	164,122
Permits and fees	24,997	55,639		80,636
Supplies	18,334	21,090	-	39,424
Chemicals	20,445	15,400		35,845
Directors' expenses	13,887	20,771	_	34,658
Telephone and communications	10,722	20,990	_	31,712
Memberships	7,411	12,409	-	19,820
Staff training	5,519	3,029	-	8,548
Public communication	5,315	<u>-</u>		5,315
Total operating expenses	2,374,968	<u>3,466,198</u>	2,097	<u>5,843,263</u>
Operating income (loss)	1,083,738	442,033	(2,097)	1,523,674
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment income	-	-	627	627
Bad debt expense	(24,083)	<u></u>	<u></u>	(24,083)
Loss on asset disposal	-	(9,645)	-	(9,645)
Interest expense			(517,710)	(517,710)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(24,083)	(9,645)	(517,083)	(550,811)
Operating transfers in (out)	(72,438)	(753,371)	825,809	
Change in net position	987,217	(320,983)	306,629	972,863
Net position, beginning of year	<u>8,917,801</u>	30,212,702	(380,981)	38,749,522
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 9,905,018</u>	<u>\$29,891,719</u>	<u>\$ (74,352)</u>	<u>\$39,722,385</u>

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2014

Cash flows from operating activities	Water <u>fund</u>	Sewer <u>fund</u>	Financing Authority <u>fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receipts from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to vendors and suppliers Payments to employees and directors Payments to other funds for services			911,282	\$ 7,372,807 (2,871,852) (688,844) (120,460)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,391,314	1,389,055	911,282	3,691,651
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities Principal payments on bonds payable Interest payments on bonds payable Transfers in (out)	- - (72,438)	- - - (753,371)	(290,000) (535,813) <u>825,809</u>	(290,000) (535,813)
Net cash used in non-capital financing activities	(72.438)	(753,371)	(4)	(825,813)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets	(24,171)	(123,483)	(5,678,286)	(5,825,940)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(24,171)	(123,483)	(5.678,286)	(5,825,940)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income		<u></u>	627	627
Net cash provided by investing activities			627	627
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,294,705	512,201	(4,766,381)	(2,959,475)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,869,508	4,370,064	12.451.709	<u> 19,691,281</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$.4,164,213</u>	<u>\$ 4,882,265</u>	<u>\$ 7,685,328</u>	<u>\$16,731,806</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,083,738	\$ 442,033	\$ (2,097)	\$ 1,523,674
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities	208,464	1,040,007	-	1,248,471
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Debt issuance costs - prepaid insurance	(5,055) (48,184)	(72,276)	2,097	18,299 (120,460) 2,097
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Compensated absences Deferred revenue	160,715 2,879 1,186 (12,429)	(44,566) 4,212 (3,709)	911,282 - -	1,027,431 7,091 (2,523)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,391,314	\$ 1389.055 °	S 911,282	(12.429) \$_3,691,651
such bro curan of obstantial northing	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District (the District) is presented to assist in understanding the District's financial statements.

Description of the reporting entity

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, formerly known as Discovery Bay Community Services District was formed by the residents of Discovery Bay under the authority of the Cortese-Knox Act (Gov. C. Sec. 56000). This newly formed special district was formed as a result of a petition of residents to provide services to the residents of Discovery Bay. Effective July 1, 1998, the District assumed the responsibilities, funding, and assets previously held by the dissolved Sanitation District #19. During November 1998, the residents of Discovery Bay voted to activate the latent powers of the District to include recreation; specifically, to acquire, fund, and operate a Community Center.

Effective August 13, 2003, the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) of Contra Costa County dissolved County Service Area M-8 and annexed the territory to the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District. The District is responsible for maintaining the lighting, landscaping, and parks within Service Area M-8 of the Town of Discovery Bay.

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District formed an assessment district known as Ravenswood Improvement District - Discovery Bay Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 for the purpose of providing for the operation and maintenance of landscaping, parks and open space in the subdivision known as Ravenswood.

The purpose of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, a multipurpose independent district, is to represent the residents of Discovery Bay in any matters covered under the California Government Code relating to a Community Services District. In addition to the purposes listed in the Government Code, the District has been ordered by LAFCO and the Board of Supervisors to perform an advisory role for the residents of Discovery Bay. This role includes, but is not limited to, advising the County in matters of land use planning, zoning, compliance, roads and streets, lighting, landscaping, parks and public safety services. The District also provides water and sewer services to the Town of Discovery Bay.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

The District's financial reporting entity is composed of the following:

Primary Government:

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District

Blended Component Unit:

Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the District complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*.

Blended Component Units

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District (the District) and the Byron Bethany Irrigation District entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated July 1, 2012, forming the Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority (the Authority). The Authority is authorized to borrow money for the purpose of assisting the District in financing various public capital improvements and facilities. The Authority issued revenue bonds in order to fund such expenditures. The Authority is controlled by the District and has the same governing body as the District, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Authority. The financial activities of the Authority have been included (termed "blended") in these financial statements in the business-type activities.

Government-wide financial statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government, the District and its blended component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall District government, except for fiduciary activities.

Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program, and (c) fees, grants, and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The District presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and enterprise categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the District. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds, all of which are reported as major funds:

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Fund</u>	Brief description
Community Center	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of acquiring, funding, and operating a community center.
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to maintenance of street lighting and landscaping facilities and services; local parks and recreation facilities and services; parkway facilities and services; and open space facilities and services Zone 8.
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to operation and maintenance of landscaping, parks and open space in the subdivision known as Ravenswood.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds, all of which are reported as major funds:

<u>Fund</u>	Brief description
Water Fund	Accounts for the activities of providing water services to the residents of the District. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.
Sewer Fund	Accounts for the activities associated with operating and maintaining the Districts collection and treatment of wastewater. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.
Financing Authority Fund	Accounts for facilitating the financing of public capital improvements and facilities for the District's water and wastewater system. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt, and billing and collection.
	(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The District's operating revenues include all revenues derived from water and sewage services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue, the portion of tap fees, connection fees and impact fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses include all costs related to water and sewage services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses, except for capital contributions, which represent capital contributions collected for the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the District applies all GASB pronouncements currently in effect as well as FASB Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions, and ARBs of the Committee on Accounting Procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989.

Measurement focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absenses and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Cash and investments

For the purpose of financial reporting "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents includes proceeds from the 2012 enterprise revenue bonds related to special projects, which are estimated for capital projects and repayment of bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at unpaid balances, less an allowance for doubtful accounts. The District provides for losses on accounts receivable using the allowance method. The allowance is based on historical experience and management's evaluation of outstanding accounts receivable.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventory held in the special revenue fund is carried at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. The District's policy is to capitalize all assets with costs exceeding certain minimum thresholds and with useful lives exceeding two years.

Depreciation has been provided on capital assets and is charged as an expense against operations each year. The total amount of depreciation taken over the years is reported on the statement of net position as a reduction in the book value of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The District has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets.

Structures and improvements	5-50 years
Equipment	5-25 years
Vehicles	5 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Compensated absences

Compensated absences are accrued as earned by employees, and consist of accruals for vacation time. The District's liability for compensated absences is reported in the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net position

Equity in the financial statements is classified as net position and displayed in three components as follows:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to these assets.
- c. Unrestricted Amounts not required to be reported in other components of net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts constrained regarding use from restrictions externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or by restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Amounts constrained regarding use for specific purposes pursuant to requirements imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assigned - Amounts constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors, District manager or their designee.

Unassigned - Amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the District's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

Property taxes

Property taxes and property assessments were levied January 1, 2013, assessed July 1, 2013 and were payable in two installments on December 10, 2013 and April 10, 2014. The County of Contra Costa bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the District.

Utility sales

Utility sales are billed on a monthly basis. Estimated unbilled utility revenue through June 30 has been accrued at year-end for the enterprise funds.

Contributed capital

Effective August 13, 2003, the District recorded contributed capital to transfer funds from County Service M-8 to Lighting and landscaping Zone 8. The Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 district became the responsibility of the District on August 13, 2003. The contributed capital represents all capital assets and assets transferred to the District.

The District has received \$18,757,813 of noncash capital contributions from developers consisting of water and sewer infrastructure.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported changes in net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary accounting

The District does not adopt appropriated budgets. However, the District does adopt non-appropriated budgets annually, which are approved by the Board of Directors.

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the fair value of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

New accounting pronouncements

The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, for the year ended June 30, 2014. This Statement amends or supersedes the accounting and financial reporting guidance for certain items previously required to be reported as assets or liabilities. In addition, it amends or supersedes requirements for the determination of major funds and addresses other statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet presentation issues.

Note B - Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments \$ 10,250,515

Restricted cash and investments 7,685,328

Total cash and investments \$ 17,935,843

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions Contra Costa County Treasurer Investments	\$ 1,588,162 8,655,571 7,692,110 \$ 17,935,843	
Investment Type	Carrying value	<u>Fair value</u>
Certificate of Deposit Mutual Funds	\$ 6,782 <u>7,685,328</u>	\$ 6,782
	\$ 7,692,110	\$ 7,692,110

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except for the Lighting and landscaping fund whose investments were directed by Contra Costa County. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as "cash and investments". Cash balances from all participating funds are combined and invested to the extent possible, pursuant to the Board of Directors approved Investment Policy and guidelines, and the California Government Code Section 53600.

The Government Code and the District's Investment Policy allow investments in the following instruments:

Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Authorized <u>Limit%</u>	Required <u>Rating</u>
Local Agency Bonds	N/A	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes or Bonds	N/A	None	None
State Registered Warrants, Notes, or Bonds	N/A	None	None
Notes and bonds of other Local California			
Agencies including pooled investment			
accounts	N/A	None	None
U.S. Agencies	N/A	None	None

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Authorized <u>Limit%</u>	Required <u>Rating</u>
Bankers Acceptances	270 days	40%	None
Prime Commercial Paper	180 days	15% or 30%	A1/P1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	30%	None
Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase			
Agreements	N/A	None/20%	None
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	Α
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	2-AAA
Collateralized Bank Deposits	N/A	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	30%	AA
Funds held under the Terms of a Trust	-		
Indenture or other contract	*	*	*

^{*}Such funds may be invested according to the provisions of those indentures or agreements.

<u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

I ((70		m . i		12 months	_	3 - 24	_	25-36		37 - 48	49 -			re than
Investment Type		<u>Totals</u>		or less	<u>11</u>	<u>ionths</u>	<u>n</u>	10nths	1	nonths	mon	<u>ths</u>	<u>60 n</u>	<u>nonths</u>
Certificate of Deposit	\$	6,782	\$	-	\$	6,782	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Mutual Funds	_	7,685,328	_	7,685,328							-			
Total	\$	7.692,110	\$	7,685,328	\$	6.782	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

						Rating as of Fiscal Year End								
Investment Type		Amount	Minimum Legal <u>Ratin</u> g	Exempt From Disclosur		<u>AAA</u>		<u>AA</u>		A			Not <u>Rated</u>	As of Investment
Certificate of Deposit Mutual Funds	\$	6,782 7.685.328	N/A <u>N/A</u>	\$	<u>.</u>	\$ - 7,685,328	\$		- s 		<u>-</u>	s	6,782	1% 99%
Total	<u>\$</u>	7,692,110	<u>N/A</u>	\$	<u>-</u> ;	<u>\$7,685,328</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>.</u> §		_	<u>\$</u>	6,782	100%

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in certain types of investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Deposits with financial institutions and Contra Costa County Treasurer

Cash on deposit in commercial accounts is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Cash held by the Contra-Costa County Treasury is pooled with other County deposits for investment purposes by the County Treasurer in accordance with the investment policy of the County Treasurer (see County Treasurer's investment policy at http://www.co.contra-costa.ca.us/). The Pool has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the Pool.

Participants' equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of the participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is prorated to individual funds based on their average daily cash balances. The value of the District shares in the Pool, which may be withdrawn, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the District's position in the Pool. The District's investment in the Pool is unrated, stated at cost which approximates fair value, available upon demand and considered cash equivalents.

Note C - Accounts Receivable, Net

The accounts receivable, net balance consists of the following balances as of June 30, 2014:

		<u>General</u>		Water	Sewer	<u>Total</u>		
Accounts receivable	\$	113,899	\$	246,602	\$ 185,489	\$	545,990	
Allowance for uncollectible				(29,472)	 (4,224)		(33,696)	
Accounts receivable, net	<u>\$</u>	113,899	<u>\$</u>	217,130	\$ <u> 181,265</u>	\$	512,294	

Note D - Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions consist of the following:

Transfers between funds

Resources may be transferred from one District fund to another with approval. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund which has made an expenditure on behalf of another fund. Less often, a transfer may be made to open or close a fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note D - Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Transfers between funds during the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfers In			ansfers Out
Major Governmental Funds				
General fund	\$	-	\$	120,460
Major Proprietary Funds				
Water fund		48,184		-
Sewer fund		72,276		
Total interfund transfers	\$	120,460	<u>\$</u>	120,460

In general, the District uses interfund transfers to:

- Transfer unrestricted revenues collected in the water and sewer fund to help finance various programs and capital projects accounted for in other funds
- Fund operations (move revenues from the funds that collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them)
- Fund interdepartmental cost reimbursement
- Fund capital projects

The effect of the interfund activity has not been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements as the amounts relate to transfers between governmental and business-type activities. The transfers have resulted from deposits made by Contra Costa County into the Sewer and Water Fund for revenues of the General Fund.

Note E - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	J	Balance une 30, 2013		Additions	Del	etions	Transfers		Balance ne 30, 2014
Governmental activities	<u> </u>				,				
Nondepreciable capital assets									
Land	\$	415,930	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	415,930
Construction in progress	•	86.218	_				(74,636)	-	11,582
Total nondepreciable capital									
assets	_	502,148		_		-	<u>(74,636</u>)		427,512
Depreciable capital assets									
Equipment		146,299		73,067		-	19,517		238,883
Buildings and improvements		2,663,139		99,509		-	55,119		2,817,767
Office furniture and equipment		7,450		12,167		-	-		19,617
Vehicles		55,424	_				_		55,424
Total depreciable capital assets		2,872,312		184,743		-	74,636		3,131,691
Less accumulated depreciation		<u>(931,756</u>)	_	(162,840)		<u> </u>			(1,094,596)
Net depreciable capital assets		1,940,556		21.903			<u>74.636</u>		2.037.095
Net capital assets	\$	2,442,704	\$	21,903	\$		<u>\$</u>	\$	2,464,607

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note E - Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type activities	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	Balance June 30, 2014
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 307,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 307,000
Construction in progress	2,417,218	5,683,610		<u>(701,046</u>)	7,399,782
Total nondepreciable capital					
assets	2,724,218	5.683.610	-	<u>(701.046</u>)	7,706,782
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings and improvements	1,355,290	19,929	-	10,983	1,386,202
Treatment and collection	30,167,458	47,599	-	690,063	30,905,120
Structures and improvements	6,689,926	-	-	-	6,689,926
Equipment	999,628	74,802	(41,334)	<u>.</u>	1,033,096
Vehicles	382,778	•			382,778
Total depreciable capital assets	39,595,080	142,330	(41,334)	701,046	40,397,122
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,794,809)	(1,248,471)	31,689		(10,011,591)
Net depreciable capital assets	30,800,271	(1,106,141)	(9,645)	701,046	30,385,531
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 33,524,489</u>	<u>\$ 4,577,469</u>	<u>\$ (9,645)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 38,092,313

Depreciation expense was charged to function and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program were as follows:

Governmental activities:

Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	\$ 151,238
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	11,395
Community center	207
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	<u>\$ 162,840</u>
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 208,464
Sewer	1,040,007
Total depreciation expense - Business-type activities	<u>\$ 1,248,471</u>

Note F - Long-Term Debt

The District generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note F - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements do not include the long-term debt, as this liability is not payable in the current period. The face amount of debt issued and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements use the same principles as those used in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Bond Issuance Costs and Premiums

For proprietary fund types, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium. With the implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, the bond issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, are required to be expensed in the year incurred.

Current year business-type transactions and balances

The District's debt issues and transactions are summarized below and discussed in detail thereafter:

Business-type Activity Debt	Original <u>Amount</u>	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, <u>2014</u>	Due within one year
Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority Series 2012 Enterprise Revenue						
Bonds Unamortized Premium	\$ 14,150,000 362,346	\$ 14,150,000 S	\$ -	\$ (270,000)	\$ 13,860,000 \$ 329.805	295,000
Totals		\$ 14,497,423 S	<u> </u>	(17,618) \$ (307,618)	\$ 14,189,805 \$	295,000

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note F - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2012 Enterprise Revenue Bonds

In August 2012, the Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority issued \$14,150,000 in enterprise revenue bonds Series 2012 to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements to the water and wastewater systems.

Pursuant to an Installment Purchase Agreement between the Authority and the District, the District has pledged the net revenues of the District's municipal water enterprise and wastewater enterprise.

The bonds carry coupon interest rates ranging from 1.00%-5.00% and are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2043. Interest is payable semi-annually on December 1st and June 1st each year, while principal installments ranging from \$290,000 to \$805,000 are payable each year on December 1st.

Annual debt service requirements for business-type debt are shown below:

	Business-type Activities			
For the year ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	
2015	\$ 295,000		\$	529,471
2016		305,000		521,675
2017		310,000		516,054
2018		310,000		512,502
2019		315,000		508,131
2020-2024		1,725,000		2,389,794
2025-2029		2,055,000		2,070,959
2030-2034		2,465,000		1,650,715
2035-2039		3,065,000		1,047,713
2040-2043		3,015,000	10 12	273,733
Total	<u>\$</u>	13,860,000	\$	10,020,747

Note G - Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees of the District may participate in a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The deferred compensation plan is available to all full-time employees of the District. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Total employee contributions to the plan during the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$25,497.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note H - Compensated Absences

Employees accrue vacation leave based on length of service. Accumulated vacation leave is subject to maximum accruals for all employees. As of June 30, 2014, the District's accrued liability for accumulated unused vacation leave is \$32,875. Employees are paid for their accumulated unused vacation leave upon separation from service. The liability is expected to be liquidated with future resources and not with expendable available financial resources.

Note I - Joint Venture (Joint Powers Agreement)

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; risk of loss to employees; and natural disasters.

In order to insure for risks of loss, the District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement with the Special Districts Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). The relationship between the District and the SDRMA is such that the SDRMA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The SDRMA arranges for and provides property, liability and worker's compensation coverage for its member districts. The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District participates in all programs.

Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the SDRMA. The District's share of surpluses and deficits cannot be determined, although District management does not expect such amounts, if any, to be material in relation to the financial statements.

The District is covered by the following types of insurance through the SDRMA as of June 30, 2014:

<u>Coverage</u>	Limits of liability
General liability	\$ 10,000,000
Public officials and employees errors	10,000,000
Personal liability coverage for board members	500,000
Employment practices liability	10,000,000
Employee benefits liability	10,000,000
Employee dishonesty coverage	400,000
Auto liability	10,000,000
Uninsured/underinsured motorists	750,000
Property coverage	1,000,000,000
Boiler and machinery	100,000,000
Statutory workers' compensation	Statutory

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

Note J - Governing Board

The powers of the District are exercised by a Board of Directors consisting of five directors each elected for a term of four years by the qualified electors within the District.

As of June 30, 2014, the members of the District's Board of Directors were as follows:

<u>Director</u>	<u>Term expires</u>
Kevin Graves	December 2014
Chris Steele	December 2014
Marianne Wiesen	December 2014
Bill Pease	December 2016
Mark Simon	December 2016

Note K - Contingencies and Commitments

The District is involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of operations that, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District. In addition, the District has entered into construction and service contracts with various companies. Many of the contracts are considered fixed fee arrangements. However, work under these contracts could be discontinued at the direction of the District. Therefore, it is the opinion of management that a fixed commitment does not exist.